

**UNITED STATES PATENT APPLICATION**

*of*

**Julian D. Warhurst**

*and*

**Andrew F. Zaayenga**

*for a*

**MICROPLATE COVER ASSEMBLY**

# MICROPLATE COVER ASSEMBLY

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

### *Field of the Invention*

The present invention relates generally to the field of microplates and, more specifically, to a microplate cover assembly which provides a removable seal and is compatible with manual or robotic handling systems.

### *Background Information*

Microplates are commonly used in a variety of test procedures. During such procedures, it may be desirable or necessary to seal the wells contained in the microplates in order to produce appropriate test conditions, prevent cross-contamination among wells, prevent sample leakage during transportation or storage, or prevent human exposure to hazardous samples. In addition, some test procedures, including high throughput screening, may require a large number (*e.g.*, on the order of hundreds or thousands) of microplates to be handled by robotic equipment. In such an environment, it is essential that the process of engaging or disengaging the microplate's seal does not interfere with the robotic equipment or unduly reduce the throughput of the system.

Conventional approaches to sealing microplates suffer from significant disadvantages. First, many conventional seals do not provide a uniform seal across all of the microplate's wells. This is often caused by a non-uniform distribution of force which is used to maintain the seal. In more serious cases, this flaw may result in incomplete sealing of some wells, thereby compromising test results or creating a hazardous condition. Second, conventional seals are typically designed to be engaged and disengaged from the microplate by hand and are not suitable for use with robotic equipment needed for high throughput screening.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In brief summary, the present invention provides a microplate cover assembly which provides a substantially uniform, secure, reliable seal of the microplate's wells, and which is well suited for use with robotic handling systems. The assembly includes a layer of sealing material, a pressure plate and a cover. The cover is shaped so as to exert a compressive force on the pressure plate when the assembly is engaged with the microplate. The pressure plate, in turn, disperses the compressive force in a generally uniform manner across the layer of sealing material. The cover, pressure plate and sealing layer are preferably attached to each other by adhesive or other type of fastener.

In a preferred embodiment, the cover includes a number of laterally-extending tabs which serve as gripping points for a robotic microplate handling system. Such tabs enable a robotic manipulator to engage the cover with a microplate, disengage the cover, and transport the engaged cover/microplate as a unit. The cover may also include a number of downwardly-extending tabs which enable multiple units to be stacked in a stable manner. The embodiment is designed to not obstruct the surfaces of the microplate where barcodes are typically applied. The pressure plate may include features for holding the assembly for robotic handling.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention description below refers to the accompanying drawings, of which:

Fig. 1 is an exploded, perspective view of a microplate cover assembly constructed in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a right side elevation of the cover shown in Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 is a top plan view of the cover shown in Fig. 1;

Fig. 4 is a section taken along line 4-4 of Fig. 3;

Fig. 5A is a side elevation of an alternative embodiment of stackable microplate cover assemblies;

Fig. 5B is a partial section taken along line 5B-5B of Fig. 5A;

Fig. 5C is a side elevation of another alternative embodiment of stackable microplate cover assemblies;

Fig. 5D is a partial section taken along line 5D-5D of Fig. 5C; and

Fig. 6 is a top plan view of an alternative embodiment of the pressure plate shown in Fig. 1.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF AN ILLUSTRATIVE EMBODIMENT

5

Figure 1 shows a microplate cover assembly 2 which may be used to seal wells 6 contained in a microplate 4. Microplate 4 is of conventional design and is available from any of a number of commercial sources in any of 24, 96 or 384 well formats, and may include others. It should be understood that the term "microplate" as used herein in-  
10 cludes, but is not limited to, shallow well, deepwell, half deepwell and PCR type plates as well as minitube racks. It should also be understood that the present invention is not limited to any particular matrix size.

A cover 8 is disposed on a pressure plate 10. Pressure plate 10 is disposed on a layer of sealing material 12, which in turn is disposed on the top surface of microplate 4.  
15 Cover 8 includes an angled top surface 16 with a narrow, generally flat portion 18 extending laterally along the central axis of the cover. Cover 8 includes sides 14a and 14b which are generally orthogonal to top surface 16. Extending laterally from the edges of top surface 16 are tabs 20a-20d which function as gripping points for a robotic handling system (not shown).

Each side 14a, 14b includes a generally rectangular aperture, only one of which, 22b, is visible in this figure. Such apertures allow side surface 28 of microplate 4 to remain visible when assembly 2 is engaged with the microplate. Thus, identifying marks or bar code labels, which are often located on side surface 28, are not obscured once microplate 4 is sealed. In additions, such apertures increase the flexibility of sides 14a, 14b,  
20 thereby reducing the force necessary to either engage or disengage cover 8 from microplate 4.  
25

Each side 14a, 14b also includes an inwardly-extending flange, only one of which, 24a, is partially visible. Such flanges extend laterally for most of the lengths of sides 14a, 14b and, when cover 8 is engaged with microplate 4, support a bottom edge 30

of microplate 4, keeping the microplate from distorting and anchoring the cover to the microplate.

The bottom corner of each side 14a, 14b also includes a foot, three of which, 26a-26c, are visible in this figure. As described in detail below, feet 26 allow multiple cover  
5 assembly 2/microplate 4 units to be stacked one upon another.

Cover 8 and pressure plate 10 are preferably constructed from stainless steel or conventional spring steels with corrosion resistant plating or coatings. Layer 12 is preferably constructed from a material sold under the trademark GEON. It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that a wide variety of other suitable materials may be substituted  
10 including Techron, EVA, Neoprene, polypropylene or Teflon® films.

In a preferred embodiment, cover 8, pressure plate 10 and sealing layer 12 are joined together by a mechanical arrangement such as swaged over tabs, spot welding or riveting. Pressure plate 10 and sealing layer 12 are preferably joined with a conventional adhesive such as cyano-acrylate or pressure sensitive adhesive suitable for the material  
15 being bonded. With its components fastened together, cover assembly 2 may be more easily engaged with and disengaged from microplate 4.

Tabs 20b and 20c, feet 26b and 26c, and aperture 22b may be more clearly seen in Figure 2, which is a right side elevation of cover 8. Tabs 20a-20d may be more clearly seen in Figure 3, which is a top plan view of cover 8.

Figure 4 is a section taken along line 4-4 of Figure 3. Microplate 4, pressure plate 10 and sealing layer 12 are shown in phantom as they would generally appear when microplate 4 is sealed. It should be understood that, depending upon the thicknesses of microplate 4, pressure plate 10 and sealing layer 12, as well as the compressive force that is desired, top surface 16 may appear more or less flat than depicted when cover 8 is engaged with microplate 4, either with a plate or without, the sides 14a, 14b remain substantially vertical and consistent in height.  
20  
25

Preferably, cover 8 is engaged with and disengaged from microplate 4 by a robotic manipulator (not shown) which grasps tabs 20a and 20b (or, alternatively, tabs 20c and 20d) or, alternatively, with tabs on pressure plate 10, as shown below in Figure 6. To

engage cover 8 with microplate 4, the robotic manipulator grasps pressure plate 10 and applies a compressive force to cover 8, then grasps tabs 20a, 20b and rotates them slightly in opposite directions so as to force sides 14a, 14b to flex outwardly. This creates sufficient clearance for cover 8 (and, preferably, attached pressure plate 10 and sealing layer 12) to be lowered onto microplate 4 from above. At that point, the robotic manipulator allows the tabs to counter-rotate to their original positions, causing flanges 24a, 24b to slip under the bottom edge of microplate 4. The compressive force on cover 8 is now removed so that cover 8 now exerts a compressive force on pressure plate 10, which disperses that force laterally in a substantially uniform manner, thereby creating a fairly even pressure across sealing layer 12.

To disengage cover 8, a slight downward force is preferably exerted on the top surface 16 of cover 8. Again, a robotic manipulator grasps a pair of adjacent tabs 20 and rotates them slightly so as to clear flanges 24a, 24b from the bottom edge of microplate 4. At that point, cover 8 may be lifted clear from microplate 4.

Figures 5A and 5B show an alternative embodiment of the present invention. In cover 28a, two feet 30a, 30b extend from the bottom edge of each side of the cover. Feet 30a, 30b are shaped and dimensioned to engage with slots 32a, 32b of a second cover 28b, thereby allowing such covers to be stacked in a stable manner.

Figures 5C and 5D show a second alternative embodiment of the present invention. Again, two feet 36a, 36b are provided at the bottom edge of each side of cover 34a. Feet 36a, 36b engage with slots 38a, 38b located on a second cover.

Figure 6 shows an alternative embodiment of a pressure plate 40 which includes tabs 42a, 42b for robotic attachment, as described above.

What is claimed is: